

Aeolian Transport of Microplastics in Alpine Environments of North American West Coast Ranges



Aleksandra Karapetrova and Professor Jay Gan



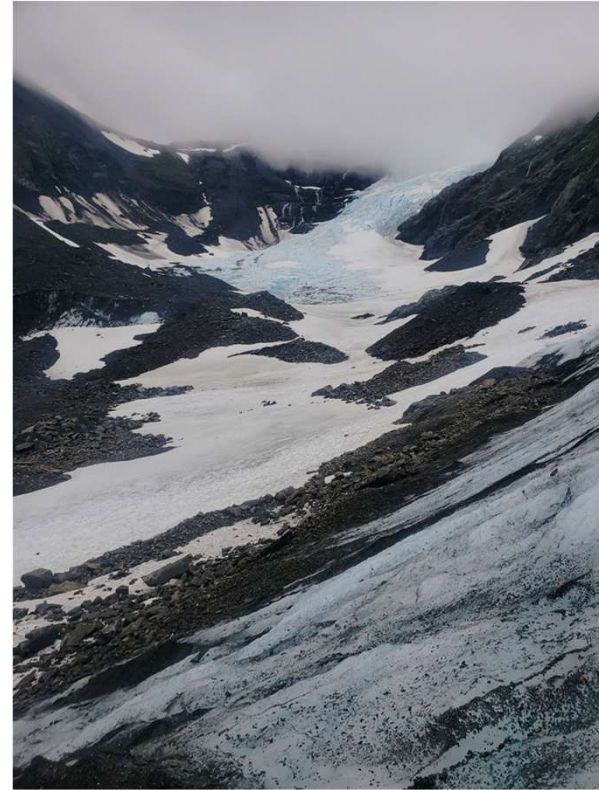
About Myself

- Molecular biology background
 - Enzyme structure/function
 - Cytotoxicity of nanoscale metals
 - Argonne National Laboratory and Pomona College
- Ecology
 - Population structure and age in Mono Lake
 - Benthic invertebrate diversity acid mine drainage and saline lakes
 - UC Santa Barbara and SNARL
- Environmental Toxicology
 - Neonicotinoids and mosquito resistance to pesticides
 - Microfibers in alpine environments
 - UC Riverside, Distinguished Professor Jay Gan and Professor Andrew Gray



Outline of Presentation

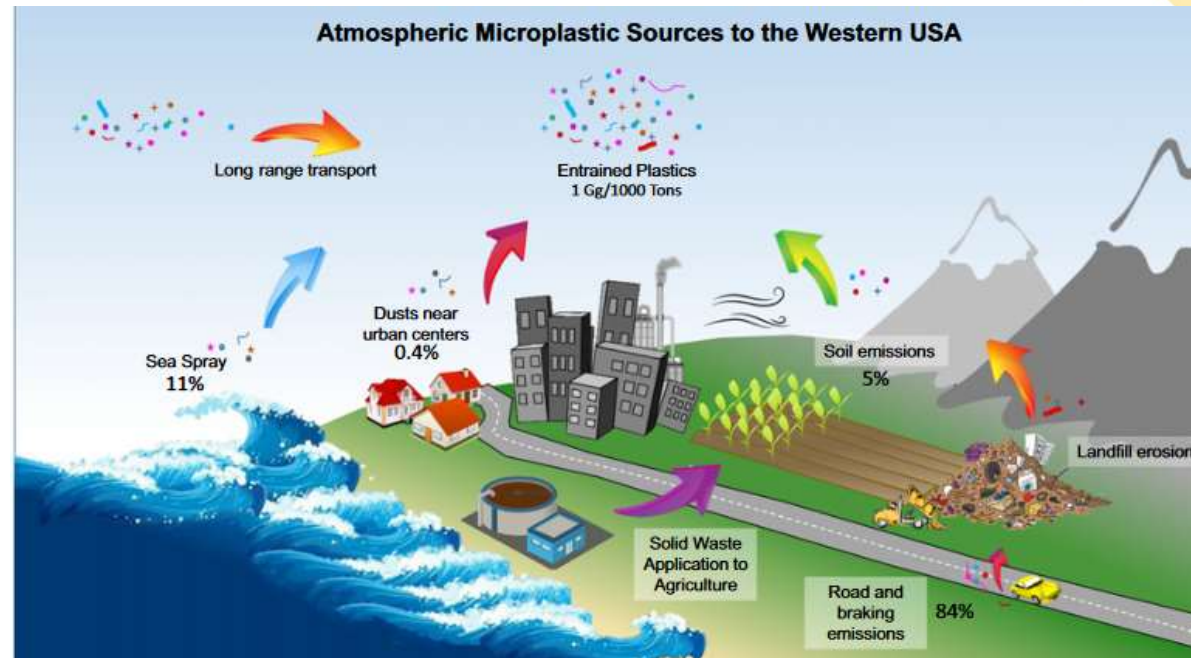
- Terrestrial microplastics
- Microfibers in Snow
- Aeolian Transport of Pesticides
- Research Questions
- Choosing sample sites
- Microplastic Flux and Transport
- Experimental Design for Analysis



Next year I hope to be presenting results at this workshop 😊

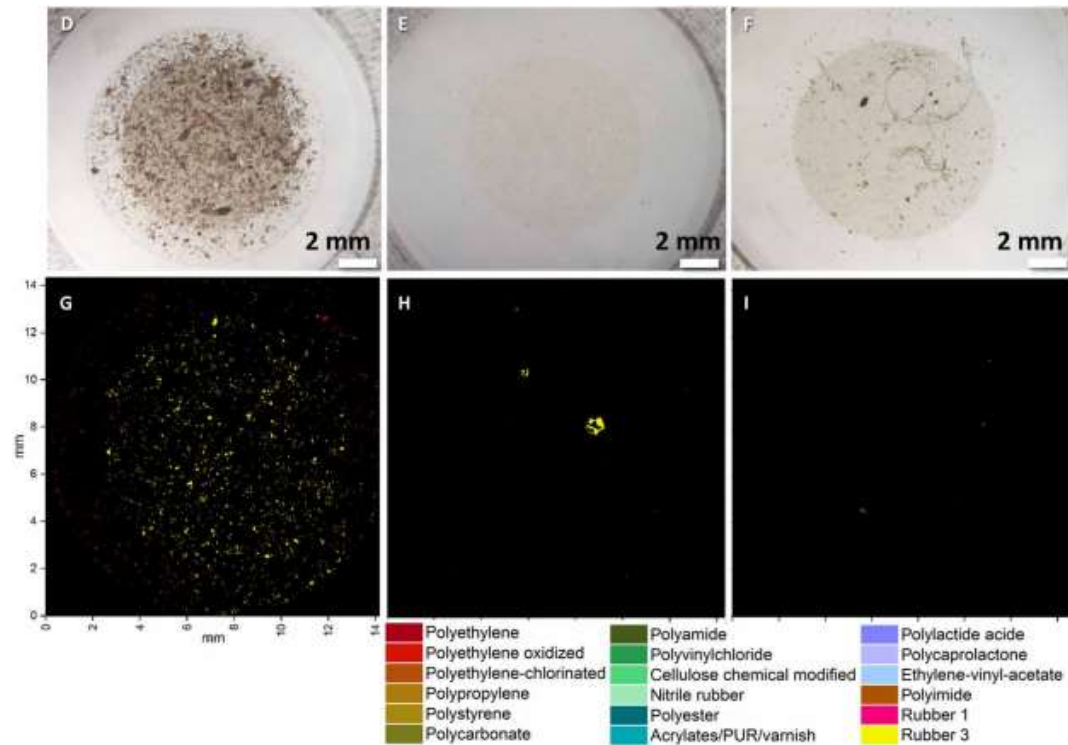
Terrestrial Microplastics

- 4-23 times more MPs in terrestrial environments than in the ocean
- Abundance in concentrations ranges from 0.002-7%
- Many properties, it is not a single substance!
- Polystyrene and polyethylenesulfone are the most common
- 80% carbon but cannot “count” in the carbon cycle



Microplastics in Snow

- Snow presents a feasible way to analyze microplastics in terrestrial environments
- Nanoplastics
- Varnish was the most frequent and abundant polymer types
- Chronic inhalation
- Direction of the cycle



Bergmann, Melanie, Sophia Mützel, Sebastian Primpke, Mine B. Tekman, Jürg Trachsel, and Gunnar Gerdt. "White and Wonderful? Microplastics Prevail in Snow from the Alps to the Arctic." *Science Advances* 5, no. 8 (August 1, 2019): eaax1157.
<https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.aax1157>.

Aeolian Transport of 4-Nonylphenol

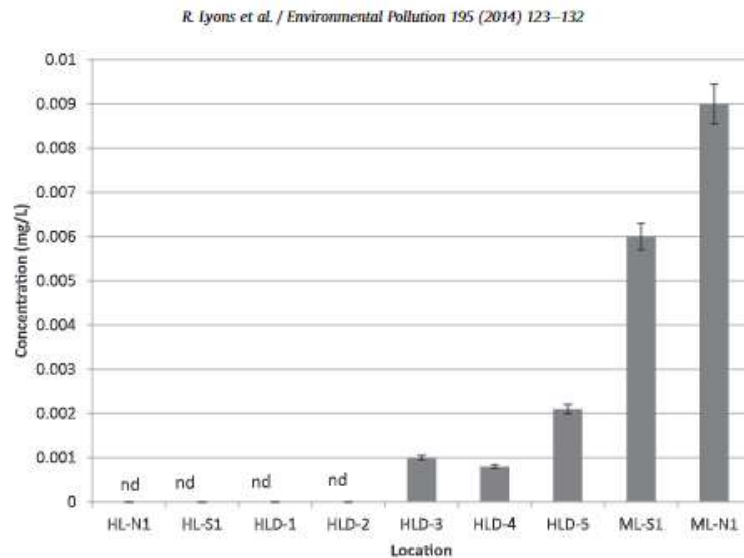
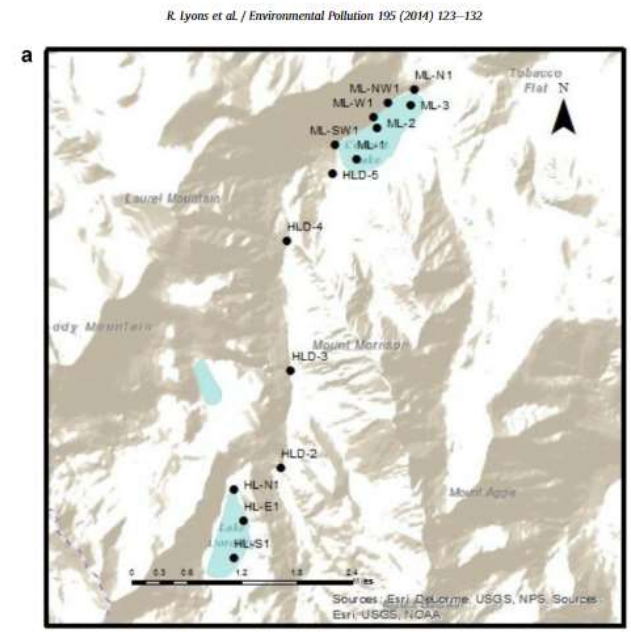


Fig. 7. 4-NP concentrations in surface water yearly averages sampled in order of descending elevation along Convict Creek drainage. Error bars represent 95% CI.

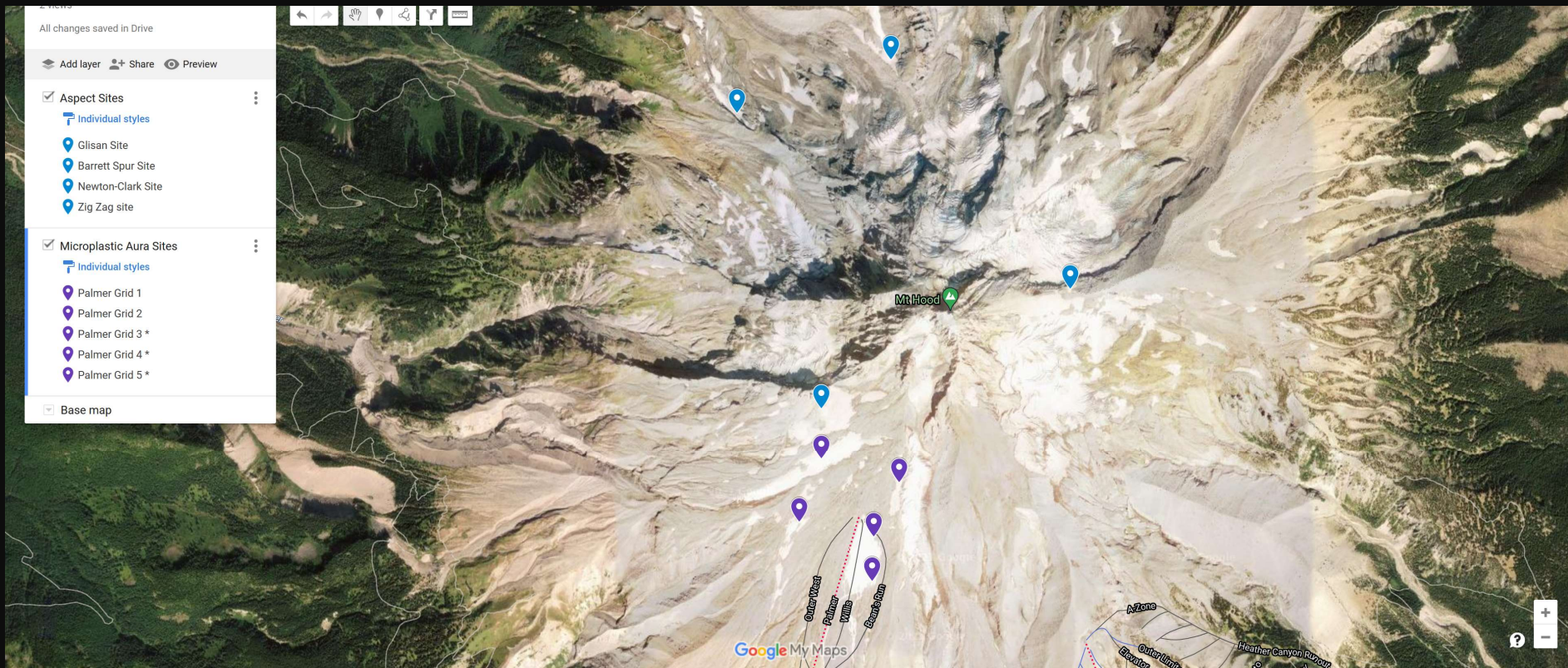
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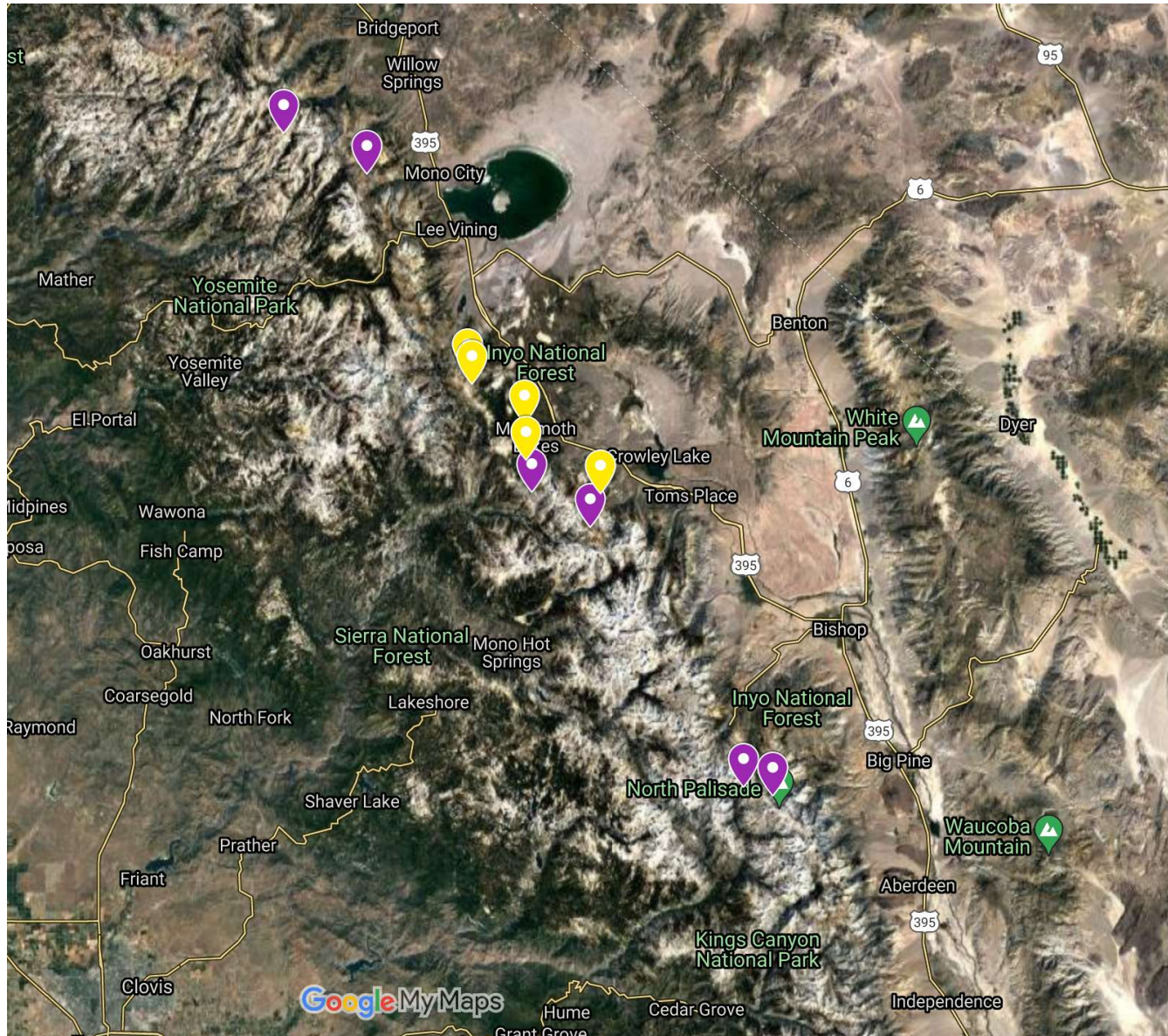




Research Questions (4-5 years)

- What kind of microplastics are depositing in alpine environments via aeolian transport?
- Does aging of microplastics increase toxicity?
- How does mixing of microplastic exposure affect toxicity?
- What is the significance of POP adsorption to microplastics at the ecosystem scale in comparison POP adsorption to organic materials?





Airborne Microplastic Deposition and Flux in Terrestrial Environments

- Microplastic deposition rates and characterization
 - Wet and dry deposition rate
 - Develop standardized approaches for sampling
 - Point source studies
 - Snow provides convenience and opportunity to do increased amount of sampling
 - SNOTEL
-



Experimental Design



Sampling

- Digest sample
- Filter melt water through aluminum oxide or cellulose filter
- Use all plastic-free equipment and use blanks

Imaging/Characterization

FTIR/Raman
Spectroscopy

Confocal or optical
microscope after
dyeing sample with
Red Nile dye

CNM, x-ray diffraction
at the synchrotron

Additional experimental studies: UV aging, plant uptake, MP flux in sludge, adsorption, acid environment aging

Thank you!
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